

## Environmental Protection Agency

## § 445.21

*Facilities, Subpart N—(Landfills); and 40 CFR Part 265, Interim Status Standards for Owners and Operators of Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities, Subpart N—(Landfills).*

### § 445.11 Effluent limitations attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT).

Except as provided in 40 CFR 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart must achieve the following effluent limitations which represent the application of BPT:

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

Regulated parameter	Maximum daily <sup>1</sup>	Maximum monthly avg. <sup>1</sup>
BOD <sub>5</sub> .....	220	56
TSS .....	88	27
Ammonia (as N) .....	10	4.9
α-Terpineol .....	0.042	0.019
Aniline .....	0.024	0.015
Benzoic acid .....	0.119	0.073
Naphthalene .....	0.059	0.022
p-Cresol .....	0.024	0.015
Phenol .....	0.048	0.029
Pyridine .....	0.072	0.025
Arsenic .....	1.1	0.54
Chromium .....	1.1	0.46
Zinc .....	0.535	0.296
pH .....	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )

<sup>1</sup> Milligrams per liter (mg/L, ppm).

<sup>2</sup> Within the range 6 to 9.

[65 FR 3048, Jan. 19, 2000; 65 FR 14344, Mar. 16, 2000]

### § 445.12 Effluent limitations attainable by the application of the best conventional pollutant control technology (BCT).

Except as provided in 40 CFR 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart must achieve the following effluent limitations which represent the application of BCT: Limitations for BOD<sub>5</sub>, TSS and pH are the same as the corresponding limitations specified in § 445.11.

### § 445.13 Effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of best available technology economically achievable (BAT).

Except as provided in 40 CFR 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart must achieve the following effluent limitations which represent the application of BAT: Limitations for ammonia (as N), α-terpineol, aniline, benzoic acid, naphthalene, p-cresol, phenol, pyridine, arsenic, chromium and zinc are the

same as the corresponding limitations specified in § 445.11.

### § 445.14 New source performance standards (NSPS).

Any new source subject to this subpart must achieve the following performance standards: Standards are the same as those specified in § 445.11.

## Subpart B—RCRA Subtitle D Non-Hazardous Waste Landfill

### § 445.20 Applicability.

Except as provided in § 445.1, this subpart applies to discharges of wastewater from landfills subject to the provisions of 40 CFR part 258, *Criteria for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills*; and 40 CFR part 257, *Criteria for Classification of Solid Waste Disposal Facilities and Practices*.

### § 445.21 Effluent limitations attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT).

Except as provided in 40 CFR 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point

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source subject to this subpart must achieve the following effluent limitations which represent the application of BPT:

### EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

Regulated parameter	Maximum daily <sup>1</sup>	Maximum monthly avg. <sup>1</sup>
BOD .....	140	37
TSS .....	88	27
Ammonia (as N) .....	10	4.9
$\alpha$ -Terpineol .....	0.033	0.016
Benzoic acid .....	0.12	0.071
p-Cresol .....	0.025	0.014
Phenol .....	0.026	0.015
Zinc .....	0.20	0.11
pH .....	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )

<sup>1</sup> Milligrams per liter (mg/L, ppm)

<sup>2</sup> Within the range 6 to 9.

[65 FR 3048, Jan. 19, 2000; 65 FR 14344, Mar. 16, 2000]

### § 445.22 Effluent limitations attainable by the application of the best conventional pollutant control technology (BCT).

Except as provided in 40 CFR 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart must achieve the following effluent limitations which represent the application of BCT: Limitations for BOD<sub>5</sub>, TSS and pH are the same as the corresponding limitations specified in § 445.21.

### § 445.23 Effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best available technology economically achievable (BAT).

Except as provided in 40 CFR 125.30–125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart must achieve the following effluent limitations which represent the application of BAT: Limitations for ammonia (as N),  $\alpha$ -terpineol, benzoic acid, p-cresol, phenol and zinc are the same as the corresponding limitations specified in § 445.21.

### § 445.24 New source performance standards (NSPS).

Any new source subject to this subpart must achieve the following performance standards: Standards are the same as those specified in § 445.21.

## PART 446—PAINT FORMULATING POINT SOURCE CATEGORY

### Subpart A—Oil-Base Solvent Wash Paint Subcategory

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446.10 Applicability; description of the oil-base solvent wash paint subcategory.

446.11 Specialized definitions.

446.12 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available.

446.13 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best available technology economically achievable.

446.14 [Reserved]

446.15 Standards of performance for new sources.

446.16 Pretreatment standards for new sources.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 301, 304(b) and (c), 306(b) and (c) and 307(c), Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (the Act); 33 U.S.C. 1251, 1311, 1314(b) and (c), 1316(b) and (c) and 1317(c); 86 Stat. 816 *et seq.*; Pub. L. 92–500.

SOURCE: 40 FR 31725, July 28, 1975, unless otherwise noted.

### Subpart A—Oil-Base Solvent Wash Paint Subcategory

#### § 446.10 Applicability; description of the oil-base solvent wash paint subcategory.

The provisions of this subpart are applicable to discharges resulting from the production of oil-base paint where the tank cleaning is performed using